

Dr. Perry, the committee staff gave us questions late this afternoon. We are working up draft answers. I wanted you to at least answer the questions tonight. John Howard

RWANDA

1. Mr. Secretary, the Administration is requesting supplemental appropriations for \$270 million to cover the costs associated with DoD humanitarian efforts in Rwanda. I understand that only \$170 million is considered "emergency" at this time and the remaining \$100 million would be "on hold" until the President designates this amount to be emergency in nature.

- I assume that until this supplemental is passed the Services' operation and maintenance accounts are being used to pay the costs for DoD's efforts? What sort of activities or programs are being deferred or eliminated as a result of using the Services' O&M funds?

- If this humanitarian effort extends beyond September 30 1994, will there be another supplemental appropriation request? Is so, will you ensure that the Administration come in early in the next fiscal year with the request so that the Services do not use their operation and maintenance funds to pay for additional humanitarian assistance to Rwanda?

- Do you expect reimbursements from the United Nations to help defray U.S. costs?

HAITI

2. Mr. Secretary, you may know that we appropriated \$47.8 million in an earlier emergency supplemental appropriations to support the maritime interdiction operations off Haiti.

- Based on the current operation, how much would you estimate is the cost for the Haiti operations for the remainder of the fiscal year? What are the sources of funds to pay for these costs?

- I understand that the Department anticipates reimbursement of \$140 million for work that has been done for the State Department. Will the Department receive these reimbursements from State prior to the end of the fiscal year?

-- Did the Services use their O&M funds to cover these costs? If the State Department does not reimburse DoD, how will this affect the Services' O&M funding at this late date?

- If the Haiti operation runs into the next fiscal year how does the Administration plan to pay for this operation?

-- Will there be reimbursements from the United Nations? How about contributions from other nations?

U.S. GOALS & OBJECTIVES IN RWANDA

1. Mr. Secretary, America's immediate goals in the crisis caused by the flow of refugees from Rwanda are self evident, but would you address the issue of our intermediate and longer term goals?
  
2. Unless the ongoing ethnic strife in Rwanda comes to some resolution, won't the refugee crisis remain ongoing?

## SECURITY FOR U.S. FORCES

Mr. Secretary, as you have mentioned, our role in Rwanda is strictly humanitarian. The situation in Rwanda, however, remains volatile and prone to violence.

1. What is the current size and capability of Hutu and Tutsi (RPF) military units, and where are they?
2. How many U.S. troops do you ultimately plan to send to Kigali, the capital of Rwanda, and how many will be stationed in the various "way stations" within Rwanda? How many U.S. troops will directly support this operation in areas outside of Rwanda?
3. How big is the danger that the U.S. presence in Kigali will be viewed by the Hutu majority as U.S. support for the Tutsi's?
4. How many "way stations" do you anticipate setting up and what number of U.S. personnel do you expect would be deployed at a typical "way station?"
  - Describe to the committee the functions that would be conducted at these "way station?"
5. How will security be provided for the U.S. troops in Kigali and the "way stations" and by whom?

6. Will any U.S. personnel be stationed in Rwanda outside of the Kigali airport before U.N. security personnel are deployed?
7. When will U.N. security forces be deployed?

## TIMEFRAME FOR U.S. INVOLVEMENT

1. Secretary Perry, approximately what time frame do you feel is necessary before U.S. objectives are attained in Rwanda?
2. What are your views on the Senate Appropriation Committee's inclusion of an October 1 deadline for the withdrawal of U.S. forces from Rwanda?
3. What level of U.N. peacekeeping and humanitarian assistance do you project will be in place by Oct. 1.
4. I understand that thousands more Rwandans are fleeing to Tanzania and Burundi per day. There are about a million more Rwandans at the camps where French troops are presently located. Do you see our humanitarian efforts extending to these other areas?

UNITED NATIONS POLICY FOR RWANDA

1. What are the key components of the U.N. resolutions regarding Rwanda?
2. What level of a U.N. peacekeeping force would be needed to attain the objectives included in the U.N. resolutions?
3. What level of forces for a U.N. peacekeeping mission has been actually committed thus far? And when will deployments start?



## HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

1. Put into historical perspective for the Committee the extent of the conflict between the Tutsis and Hutus.
2. The Committee understands that the Tutsis have dominated the Hutus since the 15th Century.
  - Is that basically accurate?
3. There have been periodic outbursts of violence between these two tribes in recent decades including:
  - Massacre of 100,000 in 1959; and
  - 20,000 in 1962.
  - Is that accurate?
4. Finally, could you confirm for the record that approximately 500,000 have been massacred in Rwanda since April?
5. Which group started the most recent wave of violence?

HAITI OPERATIONS

1. Mr. Secretary, how many troops are involved in the Haiti operation? Will you state the goal and objective of the U.S. concerning Haiti?
  
  2. On a recent inspection trip to Guantanamo Bay, the military personnel conducting the processing of Haitian refugees stated that approximately one-half of the 16,000 refugees in Cuba were from five small towns in Haiti.
- Provide for the record any information you have on this aspect of the refugee flow.

## DEPLOYMENTS

As you are aware I have strongly advocated that as we reduce our forces we must also reduce the number of commitments if we are to maintain the quality force we have today.

I am concerned that this is not occurring and that personnel tempo (PERSTEMPO) is increasing. During my recent trip to Guantanamo and to the amphibious task force, I received some disturbing information regarding the PERSTEMPO for Atlantic Fleet. I understand that since the end of DESERT STORM, the numbers of ships available to the Atlantic Fleet has been reduced by 23% while the total commitments in ship years have increased by 1%. While there have been reductions in deployments, these reductions have been more than offset by increases in requirements for contingency operations.

Similarly, the Marines I talked to on the "INCHON" informed me that when they return from this operation they will have been at sea for 12 of the last 18 months.

A number of personnel on board the "INCHON" asked me why we are still doing our normal 6-month deployment to the Mediterranean when the major threat (Soviet Union) has dissolved and at the moment the most pressing concern is in the Caribbean.

If we are to continue to experience the major increases in contingency operations then we have to substantially reduce deployments further.

My questions are:

- Are the problems with Atlantic Fleet universal?
- What are we doing to reduce the PERSTEMPO?

AIRLIFT "MIX" FOR RWANDA

1. Describe to the Committee in general, and provide details for the record, on the "mix" of airlift aircraft that you will be using for the Rwandan relief effort.
2. How extensively do you anticipate using the C-141's for this effort?
3. To what extent will you use the Civilian Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) program for transportation for this emergency?  
  
-- Provide for the record the typical cost for paying private industry to airlift material to Rwanda as opposed to using DoD airlift.
4. Assuming the Rwandan relief effort turns out to be fairly long term, wouldn't it be economic to transport food and equipment by ship to the nearest port and then transfer it by air from the port to the Rwandan region?